Section 3.—Currency

Subsection 1.—Canadian Coinage*

The present standard of Canada is gold of 900 millesimal fineness (23.22 grains of pure gold equal to one gold dollar). Under the Uniform Currency Act of 1871, gold coin has been authorized but only very limited issues were ever made. Gold coins have not been struck since 1919. The British sovereign and half-sovereign, and United States eagle, half-eagle and double-eagle are legal tender. Subsidiary coin consists of 50-, 25- and 10-cent silver pieces, † 800 fine (reduced from 925 fine in 1920). Such subsidiary silver coin is legal tender to the amount of ten dollars. The 5-cent piece is legal tender up to five dollars and the 1-cent bronze coin up to twenty-five cents. There is no provision for the redemption of subsidiary coin. A table at p. 807 of the 1941 Year Book gives particulars of weight, fineness, etc., of current coins.

2.—Circulation of Canadian Coin as at Dec. 31, 1926-45

Note.—The figures are of net issues of coin. Figures for the years 1901-25 appear at p. 858 of the 1927-28 Year Book. Per capita figures are based on estimates of population as given at p. 127.

Year	Silver	Nickel	'Tombac'	Steel	Bronze	Total	Per Capita
	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$
1926	27, 104, 534 27, 737, 963	564,865 813,784 1,063,627 1,330,498 1,494,525			2,043,833 2,080,196 2,171,657 2,290,789 2,297,405	30,042,161 29,998,514 30,973,247 32,259,482 32,354,260	3·18 3·11 3·15 3·22 3·17
1931 1932 1933 1934 1935	28, 853, 740 28, 530, 340 28, 702, 640	1,775,139 1,939,923 2,064,054 2,256,268 2,449,278			2,346,054 2,558,962 2,678,302 2,745,296 2,818,341	32,827,541 33,352,625 33,272,696 33,704,204 33,674,787	3·16 3·17 3·13 3·14 3·11
1936. 1937. 1938. 1939.	29,387,857	2,650,891 2,899,361 3,051,594 3,355,906 4,015,232		-	2,904,288 3,003,286 3,091,873 3,276,771 4,092,234	33, 997, 253 35, 290, 504 36, 626, 391 38, 868, 822 45, 051, 506	3·10 3·20 3·28 3·45 3·96
1941 1942 1943 1944 1945	40, 339, 221 44, 011, 038 51, 009, 046 54, 972, 812 58, 327, 590	4,467,463 4,827,596 4,826,033 4,825,057 4,823,237	169,424 1,407,424 1,407,754 1,407,462	571,000 1,521,170	4,648,567 5,422,131 6,300,627 6,753,329 7,499,263	49, 455, 251 54, 430, 189 63, 543, 130 68, 529, 952 73, 578, 722	4·30 4·67 5·38 5·72 6·07

The Royal Canadian Mint.—The Ottawa Mint was established as a branch of the Royal Mint under the (Imperial) Coinage Act, 1870, and opened on Jan. 2, 1908. By 21-22 Geo. V, c. 48, it was constituted a branch of the Department of Finance, and by the Proclamation of Nov. 14, 1931, issued under Sect. 3 of that Act, it has, since Dec. 1, 1931, operated as the Royal Canadian Mint. British North American provinces, and later the Dominion of Canada, obtained

^{*} Revised by the Royal Canadian Mint, Ottawa.

[†] The Currency Act of 1910 made provision for a silver dollar and a 5-cent silver coin. The former was not coined until 1935, when a limited issue was made as a jubilee coin. The 5-cent silver coin was coined freely until 1921. It still has limited legal tender but has been replaced in the coinage by the nickel 5-cent piece. In 1942 a new 5-cent piece was coined from the coin a copper-zinc alloy, in order to conserve nickel for war purposes, and this coin was replaced in 1944 by a 5-cent coin composed of mild steel with a chromium finish.